I MINA' BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUAHAN 2005 (FIRST) REGULAR SESSION

Bill No. 82 (EC)

Introduced by:

B.J.F. Cruz

AN ACT TO STANDARDIZE THE ELECTORAL PROCESS FOR THE OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC AUDITOR AND THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND TO REQUIRE MAJORITY VOTES CAST FOR ELECTION FOR SUCH OFFICES

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

- Section 1. Legislative Intent. It is the intent of I Liheslaturan
- 3 Guahan to standardize the electoral, removal, and vacancy laws for
- 4 the offices of the Public Auditor and the Attorney General based on
- 5 the legal requirements contained in the Organic Act of Guam relative
- 6 to the Office of Governor & Lieutenant Governor, and the Attorney
- 7 General. It is the further intent of I Liheslaturan Guahan that the
- 8 majority vote requirement for the election of the Governor and
- 9 Lieutenant Governor of Guam be applied to the elections for the
- 10 Offices of Public Auditor and Attorney General of Guam.
- Section 2. Vacancy of Public Auditor. Section 1902 of Chapter
- 12 19, Title 1 of the Guam Code Annotated is hereby amended as
- 13 follows:
- "§1902. Vacancy. Whenever a vacancy shall occur in the Office

of Public Auditor, and when there is more than eight six (86) months remaining in the term of the Public Auditor at the time the vacancy shall occur, the Guam Election Commission shall conduct a special election no more than ninety (90) days after such vacancy has occurred. Such person elected in the special election shall serve the balance of the term, until such time as a new Public Auditor is elected and sworn into office. Should a vacancy in the Office of Public Auditor occur with exactly eight six (86) months or less remaining in the balance of the Public Auditor's term, I Maga'lahen Guåhan shall appoint a qualified individual to fill the balance of the term, subject to the advice and consent of I Liheslaturan Guåhan and the provisions of §1901 of this Chapter."

Section 3. Majority Vote Required for Election of Public Auditor. Section 1903 of Chapter 19, Title 1 of the Guam Code Annotated is hereby amended as follows:

"§1903. Public Auditor Election. The Public Auditor shall be elected by the voters of Guam in a general election occurring at the same time as the general election for Mayors. The Public Auditor shall be elected by a majority of the votes cast by the people who are qualified to vote by the Guam Election Commission. If no candidate receives a majority of the votes cast, on the fourteenth day thereafter a runoff election shall be held between the candidates for Public Auditor receiving the highest and second highest number of votes cast. The Public

Auditor shall serve a term of four (4) years. The Public Auditor is a non-partisan office. No candidate for the position of Public Auditor shall declare a political party affiliation. No candidate for the office of Public Auditor shall seek the endorsement or receive directly or indirectly financial or material support from a political party. Any violation of the aforementioned shall constitute the Guam Election Commission to invalidate the candidacy of the individual for Public Auditor. Candidates for Public Auditor shall be subject to the same campaign and personal financial reporting requirements as applied to candidates for I Maga'lahen Guåhan, as well as all laws pertaining to campaign contributions. No person shall serve more than two (2) consecutive terms as Public Auditor. No nominating petition shall be required of a candidate for Public Auditor. A candidate for the position of Public Auditor shall file candidacy with the Guam Election Commission in the manner similar to a candidate for I Maga'lahen Guåhan, except as is not consistent with this Chapter. There shall be no primary election for the position of Public Auditor. All qualified candidates complying with the provisions of this Chapter shall be placed on the general election ballot. In the general election, the candidate receiving the most votes, subject to the qualifications established by this Chapter, shall be certified by the Guam Election Commission as having won election to the position of Public Auditor."

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Section 4. Majority Vote Required for Election of Attorney General. Section 30101(b) of Chapter 5, Guam Code Annotated.

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"§30101. (b) The Attorney General shall be elected by a majority of the votes cast by the people who are qualified to vote by the Guam Election Commission. If no candidate receives a majority of the votes cast, on the fourteenth day thereafter a runoff election shall be held between the candidates for Attorney General receiving the highest and second highest number of votes cast. A candidate for the position of Attorney General of Guam shall declare no political party affiliation. Candidates for Attorney General of Guam shall be subject to the same campaign and personal financial reporting requirements as apply to candidates for I Maga'lahen Guåhan [the Governor], as well as all laws pertaining to campaign contributions. No nominating petition shall be required of a candidate for Attorney General of Guam. A candidate for the position of Attorney General of Guam shall file candidacy with the Guam Election Commission in the manner similar to a candidate for *I* Maga'lahen Guåhan [the Governor], except as is not consistent with this Section. There shall be no Primary Election for the position of Attorney General of Guam. All qualified candidates complying with the provisions of this Section shall be placed on the General Election ballot. In the General Election, the candidate receiving the most votes, subject to the qualifications established by this Chapter, shall be certified by the Guam

Election Commission as having won election to the position Attorney General. The Attorney General shall be sworn into and take office on the first Monday of the January following the General Election at which the Attorney General was elected and shall remain in office until the election and swearing in of a new Attorney General, unless removed from Office as provided for in this Section. The Attorney General shall:

(1) be at least thirty-five (35) years of age;

- (2) be a citizen of the United States and a resident of Guam;
- (3) be an active member in good standing of the Guam Bar

Association on Guam for at least five (5) years immediately preceding his or her candidacy for Office, or an inactive member of the Guam Bar Association who, in the five (5) years preceding his election as an Attorney General has served as an elected official elected by the people of Guam or as a Public Auditor of Guam, or as a Justice of the Supreme Court of Guam or Judge of the Superior Court of Guam;

- (4) not have been convicted of a felony; and
- (5) not have been suspended from the practice of law in any jurisdiction for violation of ethical rules governing the practice of attorneys."